CHIEF SECRETARIAT.

No. P. 6571—*P. P.* 68-40-1, *dated* 26*th June* 1941.

Government direct that the following shall be substituted for paragraph XXIII of the schedule giving the boundaries of the Civil and Military Station, Bangalore :—

XXIII.—The southern and eastern village boundaries of Binnamangala are then followed up to boundary stone XXXIII—1 which is fixed 165 feet to the south of the north-east corner of Survey No. 122 of Binnamangala Village, where it takes an easterly direction for 579 feet in Survey No. 2 of Binnamangala Manavarthe Kaval to boundary stone XXXIII—2 and then north, through Survey Nos. 2 and 3 of the said kaval for a distance of 1,172 feet till it meets the Bangalore-Madras Road where boundary stone No. XXXIII—3 is fixed and then westwards for 400 feet along the northern boundary of Survey No. 3 to a point nearly opposite to Army Signalling Station No. 5 at which point boundary stone No. XXXIV is fixed.

By Order,
B. T. KESAVIENGAR,
Chief Secretary to Government.

S. C. 50

CHIEF SECRETARIAT.

No. R. 8475—*L. S.* 2-40-71, *dated* 26*th June* 1941.

It is notified for general information that, under sub-section (2) of Section 1 of the Record of Records Act, X of 1927, Government are pleased to direct that the provisions of the said Act shall be extended to Kayamgutta Parehosahalli Village, Kolar Taluk.

2. The record is intended to check litigation in regard to land and to facilitate its disposal by the Courts, to reduce unnecessary expenditure by the raiyats in executing and registering documents and to protect them against fraud and fabrication of false claims. It will also be of assistance to Government as well as the raiyats in the distribution of assessment among the various hissedars, the grant of Takkavi and Land Improvement Loans and the grant of suspension or remission of land revenue.

3. To facilitate the accurate preparations of the Record of Rights, the Preliminary Record will first be prepared by the Shanbhogs to the best of their information in the prescribed form and every case will be duly investigated by a Special Revenue Inspector. There will then be a check of the Preliminary Record by the Amildar or other officer specially authorised by the Superintendent of Land Records or by the Deputy Commissioner in this behalf. Occupants and persons interested in the land are required to furnish every information that may be within their knowledge to the Investigating Officer in order to ensure accuracy in the preparation of this record which will form the basis of the future Record of Rights.

4. All persons interested in the land are required to render every reasonable assistance to the officers of the Department of Land Records when they come to the village to measure the hissas and to conduct enquiries in case of disputed boundary lines between hissas in the field, after giving the prescribed notice.

5. The attention of the public is invited to the provisions of Section 7 of the Record of Rights Act requiring them on requisition by a Revenue Officer engaged in compiling or revising the Record of Rights to furnish or produce information and documents needed for the correct compilation or revision thereof, within one month from the date of such requisition. Failure to comply with the requisition and secure registration of their rights will render occupants and holders of interest in land liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5 (recoverable as an arrear of land revenue) besides depriving them of the several advantages enumerated above. The Officer to whom any information is furnished or before whom any document is produced in accordance with the requisition will give a written acknowledgment therefor, in the form prescribd to the person furnishing or producing the same and shall endorse on any such document, before returning it to him a note under his signature stating the fact of its production and the date thereof.

By Order,
B. T. KESAVIENGAR,
Chief Secretary to Government.